

InGaAs linear image sensor

G14237-512WA

Near infrared sensors (0.85 to 1.45 µm)

The G14237-512WA is an InGaAs linear image sensor designed for Raman spectroscopy measurement using a 1064 nm laser. Designed specifically for measuring the Raman spectral range, the cutoff wavelength has been reduced from that of the previous product (G11508-512SA) to achieve low dark current. This product consists of an InGaAs photodiode array and CMOS chips made up of charge amplifiers, offset compensation circuit, shift register, and timing generator. The charge amplifiers consist of CMOS transistor arrays and are connected to each pixel of the InGaAs photodiode array. The signal from each pixel is read out in charge integration mode, which provides high sensitivity and stable operation in the near infrared region. The package is hermetically sealed for excellent reliability.

The signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip can be set to one of four conversion efficiency (CE) settings using an external voltage.

Features

- Low noise, extremely low dark current [1/10 or less than that of the previous product (cutoff wavelength: 1.7 μm)]
- Selectable from four conversion efficiency types
- Built-in saturation countermeasure circuit
- Built-in CDS circuit^{*1}
- Built-in thermistor
- Easy operation (built-in timing generator*²)
- High resolution: 25 µm pitch

- Applications

Raman spectroscopy measurement (using a 1064 nm laser) and the like

- *1: On charge amplifiers, the reset noise that occurs when the integration capacitance is reset is dominant. However, the CDS circuit, which takes the difference between the signal after the completion of the integration time and the signal immediately after resetting, greatly reduces the reset noise.
- *2: Previously, multiple timing signals were applied using external PLDs or the like to run the shift register. This image sensor has a built-in CMOS circuit for timing generation. All timing signals are generated inside the image sensor by simply applying CLK and Reset signals.

Structure

Type no.	Specification			
Cooling	Two-stage TE-cooled	-		
Image size	12.8×0.5	mm		
Pixel size	25 (H) × 500 (V)	μm		
Pixel pitch	25	μm		
Total number of pixels	512	-		
Number of effective pixels	512	-		
Fill factor	100	%		
Package	28-pin metal (refer to dimensional outline)	-		
Window material	Sapphire (with anti-reflective coating)	-		

Enlarged view of photosensitive area



Block diagram



KMIRC0112EA

KMIRC0103EA

- Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	Vdd, INP, Fvref Vinp, PDN	Ta=25 °C	-0.3	-	+6	V
Clock pulse voltage	Vclk	Ta=25 °C	-0.3	-	+6	V
Reset pulse voltage	V(res)	Ta=25 °C	-0.3	-	+6	V
Gain selection terminal voltage	Vcfsel	Ta=25 °C	-0.3	-	+6	V
Operating temperature* ³	Topr	No dew condensation*4	-20	-	+70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	No dew condensation*4	-40	-	+85	°C

*3: Chip temperature and package temperature

*4: When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environment, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

Note: Absolute maximum ratings indicate values that must not be exceeded. Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended terminal voltage (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage		Vdd	4.7	5.0	5.3	V
Differential reference vo	ltage	Fvref	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Video line reset voltage		Vinp	3.9	4.0	4.1	V
Input stage amplifier reference voltage		INP	3.9	4.0	4.1	V
Photodiode cathode voltage		PDN	3.9	4.0	4.1	V
Ground		Vss	-	0	-	V
Clock pulse veltage High		Velk	4.7	5.0	5.3	V
Clock pulse voltage	Low	VCIK	0	0	0.4	v
Poset pulse voltage	High	V(roc)	4.7	5.0	5.3	V
Reser puise voltage	Low	v(ies)	0	0	0.3	v



Electrical characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		I(Vdd)	-	85	120		
		Ifvref	-	-	1]	
Current consumption		Ivinp	-	-	1	mA	
		Iinp	-	-	1	1	
		Ipdn	-	-	1		
Clock frequency		fop	0.1	1	5	MHz	
Video data rate		DR	0.1	fop	5	MHz	
High		Vн	-	4.0	-	V	
video output voitage	Low	VL	-	1.2	-		
Output offset voltage		Vos	-	Fvref	-	V	
Output impedance		Zo	-	5	-	kΩ	
AD_trig, AD_sp	High	Vtria Van	-	Vdd	-	V	
Pulse voltage		vuig, vsp	-	GND	-	V	

Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, Vdd=5 V, INP=Vinp=PDN=4 V, Fref=1.2 V, Vclk=5 V, fop=1 MHz, CE=16 nV/e⁻)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Spectral response range	λ		-	0.85 to 1.45	-	μm
Peak sensitivity wavelength	λр		1.25	1.35	1.45	μm
Photosensitivity	S	λ=λp	0.8	0.9	-	A/W
		Cf=10 pF	-	16	-	
Conversion officiency*5	CE	Cf=1 pF	-	160	-	n\//o-
conversion enciency		Cf=0.5 pF	-	320	-	IIV/C
		Cf=0.17 pF	-	930	-	
Photoresponse nonuniformity*6	PRNU		-	±3	±5	%
Saturation output voltage	Vsat		2.7	2.8	-	V
	Csat	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	-	175	-	Me⁻
Full well conscitu		CE=160 nV/e ⁻	-	17.5	-	
		CE=320 nV/e ⁻	-	8.75	-	
		CE=930 nV/e ⁻	-	3.0	-	
Dark output	Vd	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	-0.2	±0.01	0.2	V/s
Dark current	ID	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	-2	±0.1	2	pА
Poodout poico*7	Nroad	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	-	200	400	u\/ rmc
Reducut noise	INIEdu	CE=160 nV/e ⁻	-	300	500	µv rms
Dynamic range	Drange	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	6750	14000	-	-
Defect pixels*8	-	CE=16 nV/e ⁻	-	-	1	%

*5: For switching the conversion efficiency, see the pin connections.

*6: Measured at approximately 50% saturation and 10 ms integration time, pixel deviation after subtracting the dark output, excluding the first and last pixels

*7: Integration time when CE=16 nV/e⁻ is 10 ms. Integration time when CE=160 nV/e⁻ is 1 ms.

*8: Pixels whose photoresponse nonuniformity, readout noise, or dark current is outside the specifications



Spectral response



Spectral transmittance characteristics of window material (typical example)



Linearity error (typical example)



KMIRB0110EA



Equivalent circuit PDN Image: Cf_select for the select for

Timing chart (each video line)



Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock pulse frequency		fop	0.1	1	5	MHz
Clock pulse width		tpw(clk)	60	500	5000	ns
Clock pulse rise/fall time	es	tr(clk), tf(clk)	0	20	30	ns
Report pulse width High		tpw(roc)	6	-	-	clocks
Reset puise width	Low	- tpw(ies)	284	-	-	CIUCKS
Reset pulse rise/fall time	es	tr(res), tf(res)	0	20	30	ns

HAMAMATSU PHOTON IS OUR BUSINESS Connection example





Pin connections (top view)



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Terminal name	Input/ output	Function and recommended connection	Note			
PDN	Input	InGaAs photodiode's cathode bias terminal Set to the same potential as INP.	4.0 V			
AD_sp	Output	Digital start signal for A/D conversion	0 to 5 V			
Cf_select1, 2	Input*9	Signal for selecting the feedback capacitance (integration capacitance) on the CMOS chip	0 V or 5 V			
Therm	Output	Thermistor for monitoring the temperature inside the package	-			
AD_trig	Output	Sampling sync signal for A/D conversion	0 to 5 V			
Reset	Input	Reset pulse for initializing the feedback capacitance in the charge amplifier formed on the CMOS chip. Integration time is determined by the high level period of this pulse.	0 to 5 V			
CLK	Input	Clock pulse for operating the CMOS shift register	0 to 5 V			
INP	Input	Input stage amplifier reference voltage. This is the supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip. Set to the same potential as PDN.	4.0 V			
Vinp	Input	Video line reset voltage. This is the supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip.	4.0 V			
Fvref	Input	Differential amplifier reference voltage. This is the supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip.	1.2 V			
Video	Output	Differential amplifier output. This is an analog video signal.	1.2 to 4.0 V			
Vdd	Input	Supply voltage (+5 V) for operating the signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip	5 V			
GND	Input	Ground for the signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip (0 V)	0 V			
Case	-	This terminal is connected to the package.	-			
TE+, TE-	Input	Power supply terminal for the thermoelectric cooler for cooling the photodiode array	-			
*0. The conversion officiency is determined by the supply veltage to the Cf colort terminal as follows						

 *9: The conversion efficiency is determined by the supply voltage to the Cf_select terminal as follows.

 Conversion efficiency
 Cf_select1
 Cf_select2

16 nV/e⁻	High	High
160 nV/e⁻	High	Low
320 nV/e⁻	Low	High
930 nV/e⁻	Low	Low

Low: 0 V (GND), High: 5 V (Vdd)



Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Allowable TE-cooler current		Ic max.	-	-	2.8	A
Allowable TE-cooler voltage		Vc max.	-	-	4.0	V
Temperature difference*10	Ic=2.6 A	ΔΤ	50	-	-	°C
Thermistor resistance		Rth	9	10	11	kΩ
Thermistor B constant	T1=25 °C, T2=-20 °C	В	-	3660	-	K
Thermistor power dissipation		Pth	-	-	400	mW

TE-cooler specifications (Ta=25 °C, Vdd=5 V, INP=Vinp=PDN=4 V, Fvref=1.2 V, Vclk=5 V, fop=1 MHz)

*10: Temperature difference between the photosensitive area and package heat dissipation area

TE-cooler temperature characteristics (Ta=25 °C, Vdd=5 V, INP=Vinp=PDN=4 V, Fvref=1.2 V, Vclk=5 V, fop=1 MHz)

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* Temperature difference between photosensitive area and package heat dissipation area



Temperature (°C)	Thermistor resistance (kΩ)	Temperature (°C)	Thermistor resistance (kΩ)
-40	281	20	12.5
-35	208	25	10.0
-30	155	30	8.06
-25	117	35	6.53
-20	88.8	40	5.32
-15	68.4	45	4.36
-10	53.0	50	3.59
-5	41.2	55	2.97
0	32.1	60	2.47
5	25.1	65	2.07
10	19.8	70	1.74
15	15.7		

Thermistor temperature characteristics

Temperature (°C)



KMIRB0061EA



Dimensional outline (unit: mm)

Recommended soldering conditions

· Solder temperature: 260 °C max. (10 s or less, once)

Solder the leads at a point at least 1 mm away from the package body

Note: When you set soldering conditions, check that problems do not occur in the product by testing out the conditions in advance.

Electrostatic countermeasures

This device has a built-in protection circuit against static electrical charges. However, to prevent destroying the device with electrostatic charges, take countermeasures such as grounding yourself, the workbench and tools. Also protect this device from surge voltages which might be caused by peripheral equipment.



Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Safety precautions
- Image sensors

Technical information

· InGaAs linear image sensors / Technical note

Information described in this material is current as of October 2021.

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